# COE 212 - Engineering Programming 

Welcome to Exam I<br>Friday April 04, 2014

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## Name:

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## Instructions:

1. This exam is Closed Book. Please do not forget to write your name and ID on the first page.
2. You have exactly $\mathbf{1 1 0}$ minutes to complete the 6 required problems.
3. Read each problem carefully. If something appears ambiguous, please write your assumptions.
4. Do not get bogged-down on any one problem, you will have to work fast to complete this exam.
5. Put your answers in the space provided only. No other spaces will be graded or even looked at.

## Problem 1: Multiple choice questions ( 20 minutes) [15 points]

For each question, choose the single correct answer.

1) Which of the following statements are invalid?
a. Double $d=423.5 f$;
b. float $f=423.5$;
c. int $a=46 / 5$;
d. All of the above
2) Consider a Java program that includes: import java.util.*; as its only import declaration statement. Which of the following statements would result in a compile-time error, when included in this program?
a. DecimalFormat fmt $=$ new DecimalFormat("0.\#\#\#");
b. Scanner scan $=$ new Scanner (system.in);
c. Both of the above
d. None of the above
3) Which of the following represent a valid constructor header for a class called Triangle?
a. public void Triangle()
b. public Triangle (double s1, s2, s3)
c. public Triangle (double s1)
d. Both (b) and (c)
e. None of the above
4) Which of the following statements outputs: 12?
a. System.out.println("1" + 1 + 1);
b. System.out.println('1' + '2');
c. System.out.println (1 + "" + (1 + 1));
d. Both (b) and (c)
e. None of the above
5) What value will z have after we execute the following statement?
double $z=$ (double) ( $-20 \%-3+4 / 5$ );
a. -1.2
b. 2.8
c. 2.0
d. -2.0
e. None of the above
6) Let str be a String object reference variable. The value returned by: Double.parseDouble(str) can be stored without casting in which of the following types of variables?
a. A Long variable
b. A float variable
c. A String variable
d. A Double Variable
e. None of the above
7) If gen is a Random variable, which of the following are possible values for x after the following statement is executed?
int $x=(1+g e n . n e x t \operatorname{Int}(5) * 2)-4 * g e n . n e x t \ln (4)$;
a. -16
b. 11
c. -3
d. All of the above
e. None of the above
8) Which of the following classes does not require the use of an import declaration statement?
a. String
b. Integer
c. Character
d. All of the above
e. Both (a) and (b)
9) Which of the following correctly computes the sine of a 45 degrees angle?
a. Math.sin(45)
b. Math.sin(Math.PI()/4)
c. Math.tan (Math.PI()/4) * Math.cos(Math.PI()/4)
d. Both (b) and (c)
e. None of the above
10) Which of the following is not static?
a. ceil
b. abs
c. parseInt
d. floatValue
e. Both (a) and (d)
11) Which of the following is an appropriate way of computing the square root of an int variable $x$ ?
a. double $y=$ Math.abs (Math.sqrt(x));
b. double $y=$ Math.sqrt(Math.abs (x));
c. Math $m=$ new Math(); double $y=M . s q r t(x)$;
d. double $y=$ Math.pow (Math.abs(x), 1/2);
e. Both (b) and (d)
12) Assuming that rnd is a Random object, which of the following can be used to generate a random integer value between -1 (inclusive) and 9 (inclusive)?
a. Math.floor(rnd.nextFloat()*10 - 1);
b. Math.floor(rnd.nextFloat()*10) - 1;
c. Math.ceil(rnd.nextFloat()*10 - 2);
d. All of the above
e. None of the above
13) Which of the following can be used to print $\mathbf{3}$ forward slash characters out?
a. System.out.println("///");
b. System.out.println(" $\backslash / \backslash / \backslash /$ ");
c. System.out.println("/////");
d. All of the above
e. Both (a) and (b)
14) Which of the following is part of the java.lang package?
a. System
b. Long
c. float
d. All of the above
e. Both (a) and (b)
15) Which of the following statements is valid?
a. Integer $a=$ Integer.parseInt("26");
b. int $a=$ new Integer (26);
c. float $a=$ (float) Double.parseDouble("26");
d. All of the above
e. None of the above

## Problem 2: True or false questions ( $\mathbf{1 0}$ minutes) [10 points]

1. A conversion from byte to float is a widening conversion Answer: True False
2. The following assignment statement is a valid Java statement:

String Void = 'String Void';
Answer: True False
3. The output of the program segment given below is: 8

String str = "3";
System.out.print(Math.pow(2, Integer.parseInt(str));
Answer: True False
4. The output of the program segment below is:Absolutely whatever you say!

String will = "you "; String No = "Absolutely "; String I = "say "; String way = "whatever "; System.out.print (No + way + will + I + "!");
Answer: True False
5. The output of the following code segment is: Length of "seven" is: 5

String str = "seven";
System.out.print("Length of \"seven\" is: "+str.size());
Answer: True False
6. Consider a String variable called str. The following Java statement: str. substring (1, length()); would return a substring composed of all the characters in str except the first and last characters.
Answer: True False
7. Floating point values that appear in a Java program are known as floating point literals and they are of type float by default.
Answer: True False
8. After running the code shown below, the value stored in variable x is: 3
int $x=3$; $x=x+x$ * $x / x-x ;$
Answer: True False
9. The output of the following statement is: 3

System.out.print((int) 2 * $3.5 / 2$ ) ;
Answer: True False
10. The output of the code shown below is: 2

DecimalFormat fmt $=$ new DecimalFormat("000.\#"); String str $=$ fmt.format (1.23). substring (0, 3); System.out.print(str.charAt(str.length()-1));
Answer: True False

## Problem 3: Long true or false question ( 10 minutes) [10 points]

 In the following questions, check all the correct answers. There is at least one correct answer per question, but there may be more.1. Which of the following are false:
a. Any variable in Java declared as final becomes a Java reserved word.
b. When called with an integer parameter $n$, the nextInt method of the Random class returns a randomly generated integer between 0 (inclusive) and $n$ (inclusive)
c. Multiple object reference variables can refer to the same object.
2. Which of the following are true:
a. Any error detected by the interpreter is called a syntax error.
b. A Java program that computes the square root of a negative value compiles without complaint.
c. Computing the square root of a negative value in a Java program results in a runtime error.
3. Which of the following are false:
a. A return statement is not required at the end of every method.
b. A value passed to a method inside the driver class is referred to as the formal parameter.
c. A mutator method is also known as a setter method.
4. Which of the following are true:
a. Autoboxing allows an int variable to hold an Integer object.
b. An instance variable has a wider scope than a local variable.
c. The behavior of a primitive data type is defined through the methods associated with that primitive data type.
5. Which of the following are false:
a. The type of result produced by an arithmetic expression in Java depends on the types of the operands.
b. The assignment operator has a lower precedence than the postfix increment operator in the following statement: $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{a++}$;
c. Arithmetic expressions in Java are always evaluated from left to right.
6. Which of the following are true:
a. The cast operator has a lower precedence than the division operator.
b. The assignment operator does not support widening conversions.
c. The letter $L$ when appended to the end of an int literal value converts it into a long value.
7. Which of the following are false:
a. Not including a parameter for a method that accepts one leads to a run-time error.
b. The variables of a class define the state of the objects created from that class.
c. Math. PI is a static constant defined in the Math class.
8. Which of the following are false:
a. All the methods of the Math class produce a double output value.
b. All the methods of the Math class can be invoked through the name of the class.
c. The random () method of the Math class is functionally equivalent to the nextDouble () method of the Random class.

## Problem 4: Class definition ( $\mathbf{1 5}$ minutes) [15 points]

A RandomWalk class represents a point travelling in a 2-dimensional space as follows:

- The point starts at some initial position characterized by its x - and y-coordinates
- Every time the point moves, its coordinates change by random amounts (i.e., randomly generated step value) between -1.0 (inclusive) and 1.0 (exclusive)
Complete the class definition given below as per the guidelines highlighted in bold.
// add import declaration statements below if necessary

```
public class RandomWalk{
    private double x, y; // x and y coordinates of point
    private Random gen; // Random number generator
    // Constructor initializing all instance variables
    // initX and initY are the initial coordinates for point
    public RandomWalk(int initX, int initY) {
```

    \}
    // Update the point's position as specified above
    // i.e. change each coordinate by a random amount
    // between -1.0 (inclusive) and 1.0 (exclusive)
    public void move() \{
    \}
    // add setter and getter methods for each coordinate
    // add a toString method for the object returning an
    // output in the form: \(X\) : value of \(x\); \(Y\) : value of \(y\)
    
## Problem 5: Code analysis ( $\mathbf{1 5}$ minutes) [10 points]

1) What is the output of the code given in the two columns below when an instance of class ClassA is created and used to call the method startUp ()?
```
public class classA {
```

public class classA {
private int x, y;
private int x, y;
public ClassA(){
public ClassA(){
x=2; y=5;
x=2; y=5;
}
}
public void first(){
public void first(){
x=y++;
x=y++;
}
}
public void second(int x,int y){
public void second(int x,int y){
this.x+=x;
this.x+=x;
this.y=++y;
this.y=++y;
}

```
    }
```

```
public void third() {
```

public void third() {
int x = this.x;
int x = this.x;
setXY(x);
setXY(x);
}
}
public void setXY(int b) {
public void setXY(int b) {
second(b, x);
second(b, x);
}
}
public void startUp() {
public void startUp() {
first(); second(3, 2);
first(); second(3, 2);
third();
third();
System.out.println(x+y+"");
System.out.println(x+y+"");
}
}
}

```
}
```

a. 169
b. 28
c. 25
d. It doesn't compile correctly
e. None of the above
2) Consider the class given below, along with a driver class for it.

| ```public class ClassB { public String str; public ClassB(String val) { str = new String(val); augmentStr("Funny"); } public void augmentStr(String val){ String strl= val.substring(0, 4); str = str.concat(" ").concat(str1);``` | ```public class ClassBDriver { public static void main(String[] args) { ClassB b= new ClassB("Exam"); String str = b.str; String output= str.replace(' ', ','); System.out.println( output); }``` |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\}$ | \} |

When running the ClassBDriver class, what output is produced?
a. Exam, Funny
b. Exam Fun
c. Exam,Fun
d. Exam Funny
e. None of the above

## Problem 6: Coding (40 minutes) [40 points]

1. Write a Java program called RandomAverage that reads an integer $n$ from the user. Your program should then generate 3 random integers denoted by a, b, and c between 1 (inclusive) and n (inclusive) before displaying all 3 numbers along with their average on the screen.
Sample run:
Enter an int: 4
a: 1, b: 3, c: 2
Average: 2.0
2. Write a program called PhoneNumbers that randomly generates a phone number between 000000 and 999999 and prints it to the screen. Note that the output phone number must be composed of exactly 6 digits.
Sample run:
Randomly generated phone number: 000486
3. We wish to pack $n$ eggs into nb boxes that can accommodate 12 eggs each. Write a Java program called Packaging that reads from the user the number of eggs $n$ and the price of each box expressed in Lebanese Pounds (L.P.) and denoted by price. Your program should then determine and print out the following:
a. The number of boxes n.b (completely full and ready to seal),
b. The number of remaining unpackaged eggs (i.e., the eggs that are not enough to fill a whole box),
c. as well as the total price of all nb (completely full) egg boxes, expressed in dollars. We consider that $1 \$=1500$ L. P .

## Sample run:

Enter the number of eggs: 13
Enter the price per box (in LP): 6000
Number of boxes: 1
Remaining number of free eggs: 1
Total price: \$ 4.00
4. Write a program called ComplexNumbers that reads the polar coordinates of a complex number that we denote by r and $\theta$. The program should then display on the screen the complex number using algebraic notation as $x+i y$, where:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x=r \times \cos \theta \\
& y=r \times \sin \theta
\end{aligned}
$$

Note that x and y should be formatted to 2 significant digits and that they should be placed between parentheses as illustrated in the sample run given below.
Sample output
Enter value of r: 5
Enter value of angle: $\mathbf{5 3 . 1 3}$
Algebraic notation: (4) +i (3)

