COE 212 – Engineering Programming

Welcome to Exam I Friday April 04, 2014

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Name: _____

Student ID: _____

Instructions:

- 1. This exam is **Closed Book**. Please do not forget to write your name and ID on the first page.
- 2. You have exactly **110 minutes** to complete the 6 required problems.
- 3. Read each problem carefully. If something appears ambiguous, please write your assumptions.
- 4. Do not get bogged-down on any one problem, you will have to work fast to complete this exam.
- 5. Put your answers in the space provided only. No other spaces will be graded or even looked at.

Good Luck!!

Problem 1: Multiple choice questions (20 minutes) [15 points]

For each question, choose the **single** correct answer.

- 1) Which of the following statements are **invalid**?
 - a. Double d = 423.5f;
 - b. float f = 423.5;
 - c. int a = 46/5;
 - d. All of the above
- 2) Consider a Java program that includes: import java.util.*; as its only import declaration statement. Which of the following statements would result in a **compile-time error**, when included in this program?
 - a. DecimalFormat fmt = new DecimalFormat("0.###");
 - b. Scanner scan = new Scanner(system.in);
 - c. Both of the above
 - d. None of the above
- 3) Which of the following represent a valid constructor header for a class called Triangle?
 - a. public void Triangle()
 - b. public Triangle(double s1, s2, s3)
 - c. public Triangle(double s1)
 - $d. \quad Both \, (b) \ and \ (c)$
 - e. None of the above
- 4) Which of the following statements **outputs**: 12?
 - a. System.out.println("1" + 1 + 1);
 - b. System.out.println(1' + 2');
 - c. System.out.println(1 + ``" + (1 + 1));
 - d. Both (b) and (c)
 - e. None of the above
- 5) What **value will z have** after we execute the following statement?

double z = (double) (-20%-3 + 4/5);

- **a.** -1.2
- b. 2.8
- c. 2.0
- d. -2.0
- e. None of the above
- 6) Let str be a String object reference variable. The value returned by: Double.parseDouble(str) can be stored without casting in which of the following types of variables?
 - a. A Long variable
 - b. A float variable
 - c. A String variable
 - d. A Double Variable
 - e. None of the above
- 7) If gen is a Random variable, which of the following are **possible values** for x after the following statement is executed?

```
int x = (1+gen.nextInt(5)*2) - 4*gen.nextInt(4);
```

- **a.** -16
- b. 11
- c. -3
- d. All of the above
- e. None of the above

- 8) Which of the following classes **does not require** the use of an import declaration statement?
 - a. String
 - b. Integer
 - c. Character
 - d. All of the above
 - e. Both (a) and (b)
- 9) Which of the following correctly computes the sine of a **45 degrees angle**?
 - a. Math.sin(45)
 - b. Math.sin(Math.PI()/4)
 - c. Math.tan(Math.PI()/4) * Math.cos(Math.PI()/4)
 - d. Both (b) and (c)
 - e. None of the above
- 10) Which of the following is **not static**?
 - a. ceil
 - b. abs
 - c. parseInt
 - d. floatValue
 - e. Both (a) and (d)
- 11) Which of the following is an appropriate way of computing **the square root** of an int variable x?
 - a. double y = Math.abs(Math.sqrt(x));
 - b. double y = Math.sqrt(Math.abs(x));
 - c. Math m = new Math(); double y = M.sqrt(x);
 - d. double y = Math.pow(Math.abs(x), 1/2);
 - e. Both (b) and (d)
- 12) Assuming that rnd is a Random object, which of the following can be used to generate a random integer value between -1 (inclusive) and 9 (inclusive)?
 - a. Math.floor(rnd.nextFloat()*10 1);
 - b. Math.floor(rnd.nextFloat()*10) 1;
 - c. Math.ceil(rnd.nextFloat()*10 2);
 - d. All of the above
 - e. None of the above
- 13) Which of the following can be used to print **3 forward slash characters** out?
 - a. System.out.println("///");
 - b. System.out.println("\/\//");
 - c. System.out.println("/////");
 - d. All of the above
 - e. Both (a) and (b)
- 14) Which of the following is part of the java.lang package?
 - a. System
 - b. Long
 - c. float
 - d. All of the above
 - e. Both (a) and (b)

15) Which of the following statements is valid?

- a. Integer a = Integer.parseInt("26");
- b. int a = new Integer(26);
- c. float a = (float) Double.parseDouble("26");
- d. All of the above
- e. None of the above

Problem 2: True or false questions (**10 minutes**) [10 points]

```
1. A conversion from byte to float is a widening conversion Answer: True \ensuremath{\mathsf{False}}
```

```
2. The following assignment statement is a valid Java statement:
    String Void = `String Void';
Answer: True False
```

```
3. The output of the program segment given below is: 8
   String str = "3";
   System.out.print(Math.pow(2, Integer.parseInt(str));
Answer: True False
```

```
4. The output of the program segment below is:Absolutely whatever you say!
   String will = "you "; String No = "Absolutely ";
   String I = "say "; String way = "whatever ";
   System.out.print(No + way + will + I + "!");
Answer: True False
```

```
5. The output of the following code segment is: Length of "seven" is: 5
   String str = "seven";
   System.out.print("Length of \"seven\" is: "+str.size());
Answer: True False
```

6. Consider a String variable called str. The following Java statement: str.substring(1, length()); would return a substring composed of all the characters in str except the first and last characters.
Answer: True False

Answer: True Faise

```
    Floating point values that appear in a Java program are known as floating point
literals and they are of type float by default.
    Answer: True False
```

```
8. After running the code shown below, the value stored in variable x is: 3 int x = 3; x = x + x * x / x - x; Answer: True False
```

```
9. The output of the following statement is: 3
    System.out.print((int) 2 * 3.5 / 2) ;
Answer: True False
```

10. The output of the code shown below is: 2 DecimalFormat fmt = new DecimalFormat("000.#"); String str = fmt.format(1.23).substring(0, 3); System.out.print(str.charAt(str.length()-1)); Answer: True False

Problem 3: Long true or false question (10 minutes) [10 points]

In the following questions, check **all** the correct answers. There is at least one correct answer per question, but **there may be more**.

- 1. Which of the following are **false**:
 - a. Any variable in Java declared as final becomes a Java reserved word.
 - b. When called with an integer parameter n, the nextInt method of the Random class returns a randomly generated integer between 0 (inclusive) and n (inclusive)
 - c. Multiple object reference variables can refer to the same object.
- 2. Which of the following are **true**:
 - a. Any error detected by the interpreter is called a syntax error.
 - b. A Java program that computes the square root of a negative value compiles without complaint.
 - c. Computing the square root of a negative value in a Java program results in a runtime error.
- 3. Which of the following are **false**:
 - a. A return statement is not required at the end of every method.
 - b. A value passed to a method inside the driver class is referred to as the formal parameter.
 - c. A mutator method is also known as a setter method.
- 4. Which of the following are **true**:
 - a. Autoboxing allows an int variable to hold an Integer object.
 - b. An instance variable has a wider scope than a local variable.
 - c. The behavior of a primitive data type is defined through the methods associated with that primitive data type.
- 5. Which of the following are **false**:
 - a. The type of result produced by an arithmetic expression in Java depends on the types of the operands.
 - b. The assignment operator has a lower precedence than the postfix increment operator in the following statement: y = a++;
 - c. Arithmetic expressions in Java are always evaluated from left to right.
- 6. Which of the following are **true**:
 - a. The cast operator has a lower precedence than the division operator.
 - b. The assignment operator does not support widening conversions.
 - c. The letter L when appended to the end of an int literal value converts it into a long value.
- 7. Which of the following are **false**:
 - a. Not including a parameter for a method that accepts one leads to a run-time error.
 - b. The variables of a class define the state of the objects created from that class.
 - c. Math.PI is a static constant defined in the Math class.
- 8. Which of the following are **false**:
 - a. All the methods of the Math class produce a double output value.
 - b. All the methods of the Math class can be invoked through the name of the class.
 - c. The random() method of the Math class is functionally equivalent to the nextDouble() method of the Random class.

Problem 4: Class definition (**15 minutes**) [15 points]

A RandomWalk class represents a point travelling in a 2-dimensional space as follows:

- The point starts at some initial position characterized by its x- and y-coordinates
- Every time the point moves, its coordinates change by **random** amounts (i.e., randomly generated step value) between -1.0 (inclusive) and 1.0 (exclusive)

Complete the class definition given below as per the guidelines highlighted in bold.

// add import declaration statements below if necessary

```
public class RandomWalk{
    private double x, y; // x and y coordinates of point
    private Random gen; // Random number generator
    // Constructor initializing all instance variables
    // initX and initY are the initial coordinates for point
    public RandomWalk(int initX, int initY) {
```

// Update the point's position as specified above // i.e. change each coordinate by a random amount // between -1.0 (inclusive) and 1.0 (exclusive) public void move() {

 $^{\prime}$ // add setter and getter methods for each coordinate

// add a toString method for the object returning an
// output in the form: X: value of x; Y: value of y

Problem 5: Code analysis (15 minutes) [10 points]

1) What is the output of the code given in the two columns below when an instance of class ClassA is created and used to call the method startUp()?

```
public class ClassA {
                                           public void third() {
     private int x, y;
                                                 int x = this.x;
     public ClassA() {
                                                 setXY(x);
           x=2; y=5;
                                           }
                                           public void setXY(int b) {
     }
     public void first() {
                                                  second(b, x);
           x=v++;
                                           }
                                           public void startUp() {
     }
     public void second(int x, int y) {
                                                 first(); second(3, 2);
           this.x+=x;
                                                 third();
           this.y=++y;
                                                 System.out.println(x+y+"");
     }
                                           }
                                           }
```

- a. 169
- b. 28
- c. 25
- d. It doesn't compile correctly
- e. None of the above
- 2) Consider the class given below, along with a driver class for it.

```
public class ClassB {
                                              public class ClassBDriver {
     public String str;
                                                   public static void
     public ClassB(String val) {
                                                   main(String[] args) {
           str = new String(val);
                                                     ClassB b=
           augmentStr("Funny");
                                                         new ClassB("Exam");
     }
     public void
                                                     String str = b.str;
           augmentStr(String val) {
                                                     String output=
           String strl=
                                                     str.replace(' ', ',');
           val.substring(0, 4);
                                                     System.out.println(
           str =
                                                         output);
           str.concat(" ").concat(str1);
                                                   }
                                              }
     }
```

When running the ClassBDriver class, what output is produced?

- a. Exam, Funny
- b. Exam Fun
- c. Exam, Fun
- d. Exam Funny
- e. None of the above

Problem 6: Coding (40 minutes) [40 points]

1. Write a Java program called RandomAverage that reads an integer n from the user. Your program should then generate 3 random integers denoted by a, b, and c between 1 (inclusive) and n (inclusive) before displaying all 3 numbers along with their average on the screen.

Sample run:

Enter an int: 4 a: 1, b: 3, c: 2 Average: 2.0 2. Write a program called PhoneNumbers that randomly generates a phone number between 000000 and 999999 and prints it to the screen. Note that the output phone number must be composed of **exactly 6 digits**.

Sample run:

Randomly generated phone number: 000486

- 3. We wish to pack n eggs into nb boxes that can accommodate 12 eggs each. Write a Java program called Packaging that reads from the user the number of eggs n and the price of each box expressed in Lebanese Pounds (L.P.) and denoted by price. Your program should then determine and print out the following:
 - a. The number of boxes nb (completely full and ready to seal),
 - b. The number of remaining unpackaged eggs (i.e., the eggs that are not enough to fill a whole box),
 - c. as well as the total price of all nb (completely full) egg boxes, expressed in dollars. We consider that 1\$=1500 L.P.

Sample run:

Enter the number of eggs: 13 Enter the price per box (in LP): 6000 Number of boxes: 1 Remaining number of free eggs: 1 Total price: \$ 4.00 4. Write a program called ComplexNumbers that reads the polar coordinates of a complex number that we denote by r and θ . The program should then display on the screen the complex number using algebraic notation as x + iy, where:

$x = r \times \cos\theta$ $y = r \times \sin\theta$

Note that x and y should be formatted to **2 significant digits** and that they should be placed between parentheses as illustrated in the sample run given below.

Sample output Enter value of r: 5 Enter value of angle: 53.13 Algebraic notation: (4) + i (3)